

SBIR/STTR Programs

Small Business Innovation Research Small Business Technology Transfer

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Agenda

- ♦ Federal SBIR/STTR Program An Opportunity
- Information on 11 Agency Programs
- NASA SBIR Program Description
- What Are My Chances?
- How Should I Proceed?
- Proposal Submission and Selection



SBIR/STTR Program Basics

- Congressionally mandated programs
- Programs open door to small business participation in Federal research and development programs
- Currently requires11 Federal agency involvement
- Congress recently reauthorized SBIR/STTR Program through 2017, reflecting strong political support





SBIR/STTR Program Funding

- ◆ Federal agencies with an extramural R&D budget of over \$100M (SBIR) or \$1B (STTR) must participate in the SBIR and STTR Programs, respectively
- Participating SBIR agencies must reserve 2.5% of their extramural R&D budget for SBIR and 0.3% for STTR
 - ♦ Beginning in 2012, Agencies are to increase SBIR's percentage by 0.1% annually through 2016, 0.2 in 2017 to **3.2** %
 - ◆ Agencies with STTR Programs are to increase funding to 0.35% in 2012 and 2013, 0.40% in 2014 and 2015, and 0.45% in 2016 and each year thereafter
- ◆ Extramural budget is agency R&D (including FFRDCs and contractor operated facilities) less funds for government owned and operated facilities



11 Federal Agencies Involved

Department of Defense (DOD)	SBIR/STTR
(Air Force, Army, Navy, MDA, etc.)	
Department of Health & Human Services (HHS/NIH)	SBIR/STTR
National Aeronautics & Space Admin (NASA)	SBIR/STTR
Department of Energy (DOE)	SBIR/STTR
National Science Foundation (NSF)	SBIR/STTR
Department of Homeland Security (DHS)	SBIR
Department of Agriculture (USDA)	SBIR
Department of Commerce (DOC)	SBIR
(NOAA, NIST)	
Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)	SBIR
Department of Transportation (DOT)	SBIR
Department of Education (ED)	SBIR



Three Phase Programs*

	<u>SBIR</u>	<u>STTR</u>
Phase I Project Feasibility	6 months up to \$150K	6-12 months up to \$150K
Phase II Research & Development	2 years up to \$1,000K	2 years up to \$1,000K

Phase III

Commercialization non-SBIR/non-STTR funds

^{*} Duration and funding limits are variable by agency.



Agency Programs Vary Significantly

- Size of Phase I and Phase II awards vary over a wide range
- Additional awards when company obtains matching funds from another source
- Fast Track Programs that speed up process for selected contracts
- Availability of commercialization assistance



Contracts or Grants *

Contracting Agencies

\$1,334M DoD HHS/NIH \$631M \$138M NASA EPA \$5M DOT \$6M \$7M ED \$4M DOC DHS \$10M

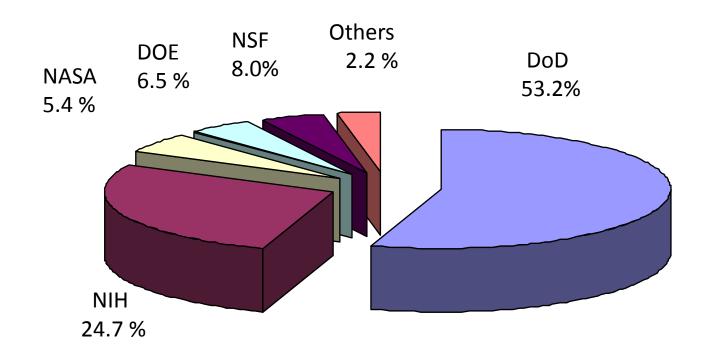
Granting Agencies

NSF \$205M USDA \$19M DOE \$164M HHS/NIH ED

^{*} Some data is not up to data

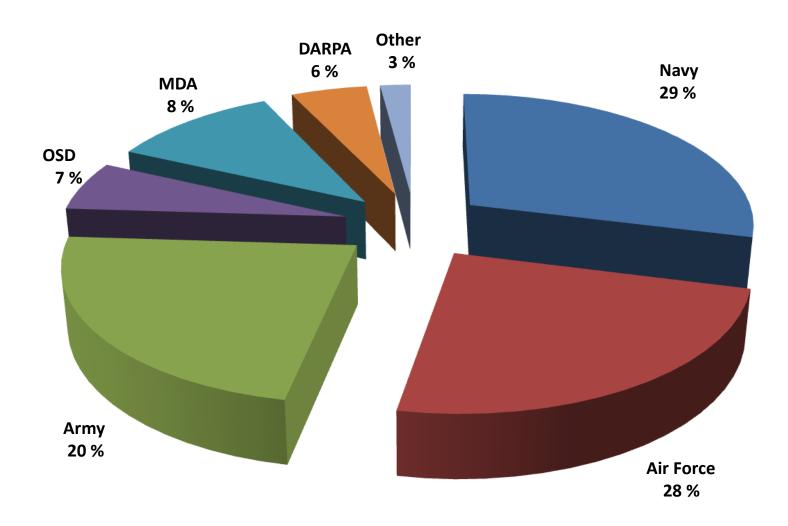


SBIR/STTR Agency Funding 2010 \$2.56 Billion





DoD SBIR Program (2010)





SBIR/STTR Solicitation Upcoming Dates

		60	
Agency	Release Dates	Accepts Dates	Closing Dates
DoD SBIR	Apr 24, 2012	May 24, 2012	Jun 27, 2012
DoD SBIR	Jul 26, 2012	Aug 27, 2012	Sep 26, 2012
DoD STTR	Jul 26, 2012	Aug 27, 2012	Sep 26, 2012
HHS/NIH SBIR/STTR AIDS	May 7, 2012	Sep 7, 2012	May 7,2012
			Sep 7, 2012
			Jan7 2013
HHS/NIH SBIR/STTR Non AIDS	May 7, 2012	Sep 7, 2012	Apr 5, 2012
			Aug 5, 2012
			Dec 5, 2012
DOE Release 11	Jul 16, 2012	Aug 13, 2012	Oct 16, 2012
DOE Release 21	Oct 29, 2012	Nov 26, 2012	Feb 5, 2013
NASA SBIR/STTR ²	Jul 7, 2012	Jul 7, 2012	Sep 4, 2012
1. DOE begins with t	topic release, fu	ınding opportunity	announcement,
letter of intent fo	llowed by appli	cation due.	
2. Dates are tentativ	/e		



SBIR/STTR Solicitation Upcoming Dates

NSF	Mar, 2012	Mar, 2012	Jun, 2012
NSF	Sep, 2012	Sep, 2012	Dec, 2012
EPA	Mar 14, 2012	Mar 14, 2012	May 3, 2012
DOT	Apr 2, 2012	Apr 2, 2012	Jun 11, 2012
USDA	Jun, 2012	Jun, 2012	Sep, 2012
DOC NOAA	Oct, 2012	Oct, 2012	Jan, 2013
DOC NIST	Nov 1, 2012	Nov 1, 2012	Jan 24, 2013
ED	Dec, 2012	Dec, 2012	Jan, 2013



NASA SBIR/STTR 2012 Budget

SBIR \$124M* STTR \$14.1M*



SBIR - Phase I Contracts: \$125K (6 months)**

STTR - Phase I Contracts: \$125K (12 months)**

SBIR/STTR - Phase II Contracts: \$750K (2 years)**

* Estimate

** For last year, 2011



NASA Participating Centers





Innovative Partnerships Program Elements



SBIR & STTR

IPP Seed Fund



Centennial Challenges

New Business

Models

Innovation Transfusion



Intellectual Property

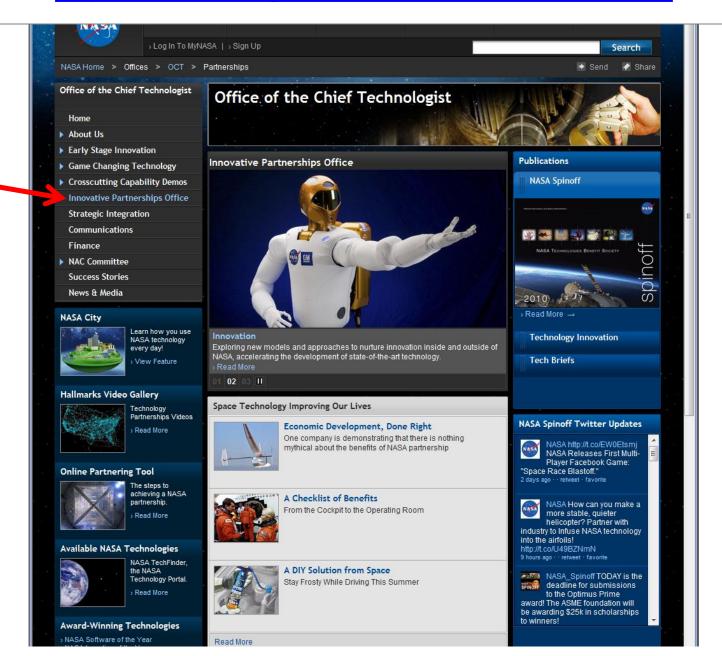
Management

Technology Transfer

New Innovative Partnerships



http://www.nasa.gov/offices/oct/home/index.html



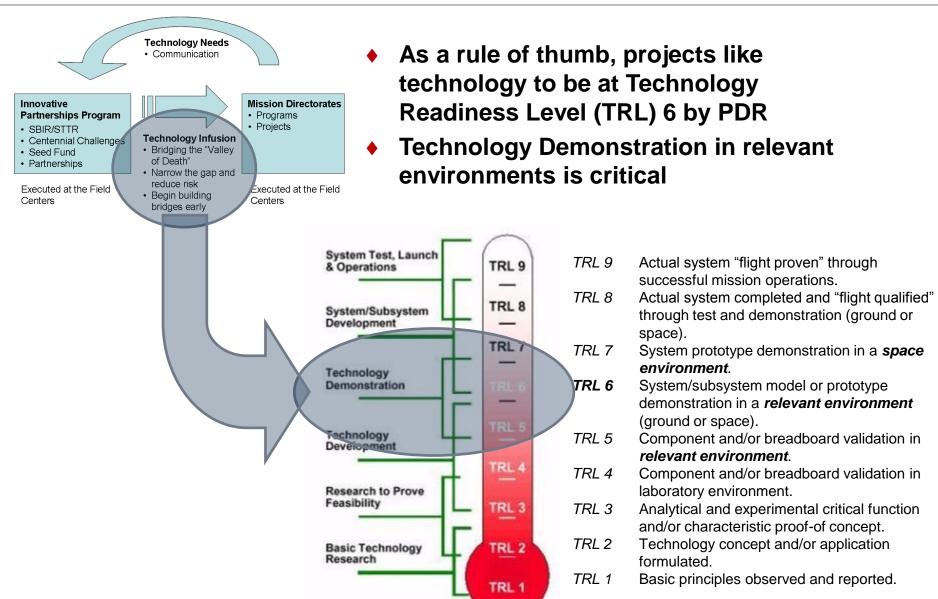


NASA Has an Active Infusion Effort

- Each NASA center has a technology infusion manager
- Insures that programs and projects at each center are aware SBIR/STTR technology developments
- Insure that SBIR/STTR companies have information they need on technology developments within NASA
- Assist SBIR/STTR companies in taking advantage of additional NASA funding opportunities



Technology Demonstration is critical to Infusion

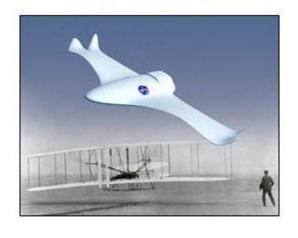




Mission Driven

Partnership with Mission Directorates Drives SBIR/STTR Investment

Aeronautics



Human Explorations and Operations



Science





2011 Aeronautics Research Topics

- Aviation Safety
- Fundamental Aeronautics
- Airspace Systems
- Aeronautics Test Technologies
- Integrated System Research Project (ISRP)





2011 Exploration Systems Research Topics (2012 Human Exploration and Operations Topics)

- In Situ Resource Utilization
- Advanced Propulsion
- Life Support and Habitation Systems
- Extra-Vehicular Activity Technology
- Lightweight Spacecraft Materials and Structures
- Autonomous Systems and Avionics
- Human-Robotic Systems
- High-Efficiency Space Power Systems
- Entry, Descent, and Landing (EDL) Technology
- Cryogenic Propellant Storage and Transfer
- Radiation Protection
- Exploration Crew Health Capabilities
- Exploration Medical Capability
- Behavioral Health and Performances
- Space Human Factors and Food Systems
- Space Radiation
- Inflight Biological Sample Preservation and Analysis





2011 Science Topics

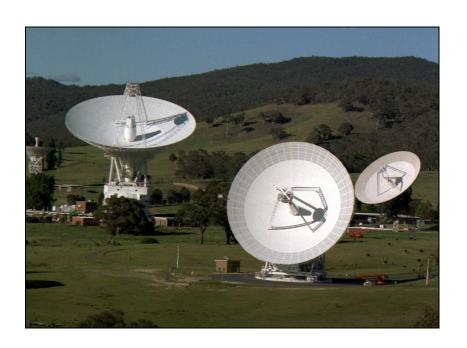
- Sensors, Detectors, and Instruments
- Advanced Telescope Systems
- Spacecraft and Platform Subsystems
- Low-Cost Small Spacecraft and Technologies
- Robotic Exploration Technologies
- Information Technologies





2011 Space Operation Topics (2012 Human Exploration and Operations Topics)

- Space Communications
- Space Transportation
- Processing and Operations
- Navigation





2011 STTR Subtopics - 1

- Center 2011 Technology Investments
- Atmospheric Flight Research and Technology Demonstration
- Technologies for Space Exploration
- Innovative Sensors, Support Subsystems and Detectors for Small Satellite Applications
- Technologies for Compositional Analysis and Mapping





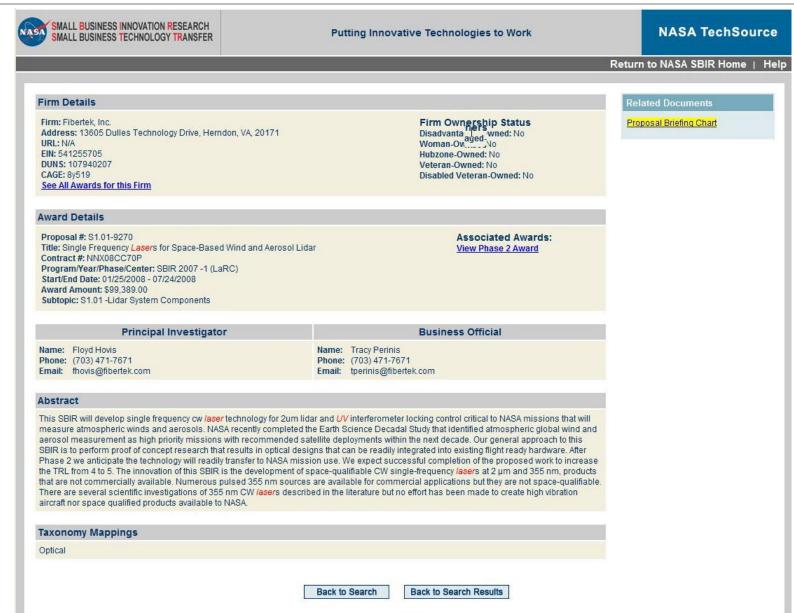
2011 STTR Subtopics - 2

- Innovative Technologies and Approaches for Space
- Ground Effects of Launch Acoustics, Payload Integration, and Flexible Polymer Foam Systems
- Autonomous Systems
- Technologies for Human and Robotic Space Exploration Propulsion Design and Manufacturing
- Rocket Propulsion/Energy Conservation





NASA TechSource

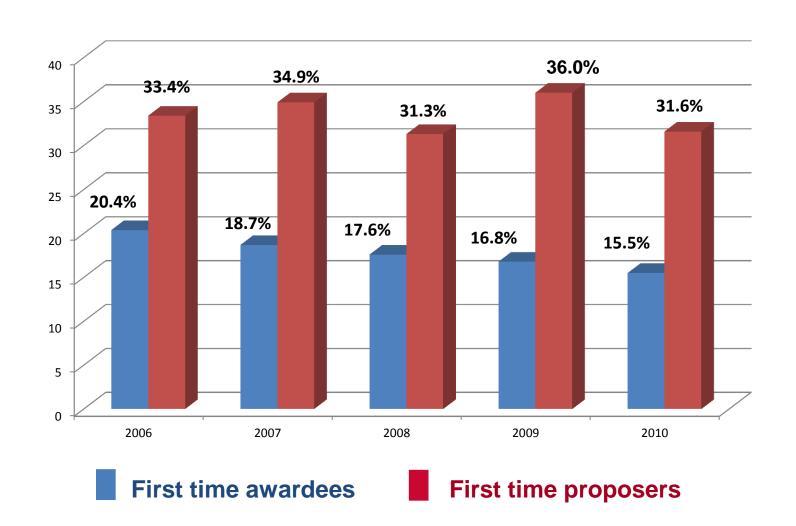




What Are My Chances?



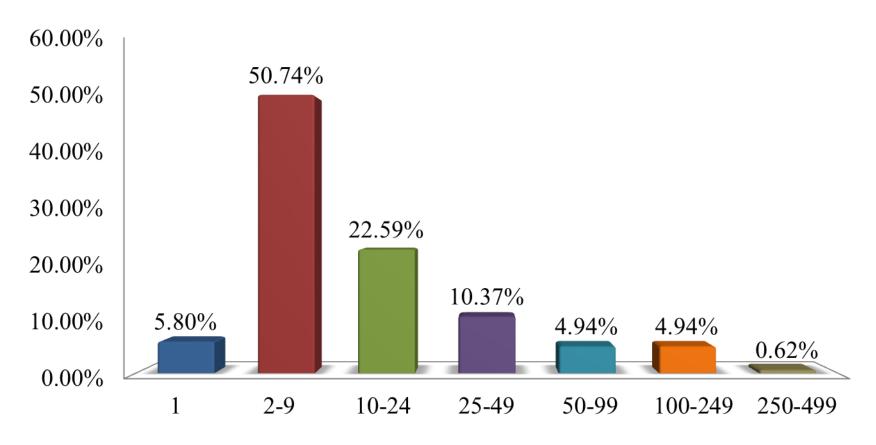
First Time Awardees and First Time Proposers to NASA SBIR/STTR





SBIR Participants

- ✓ Firms are typically small and new to the program
- ✓ About 1/3 are first-time Phase I awardees

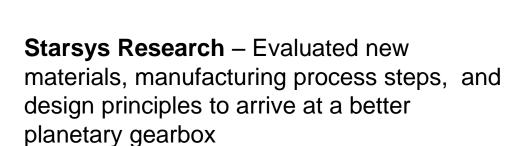


Number of Employees NASA SBIR Phase I 2009



Innovation – Exploiting New Findings

Surface Optics – Successfully took a new mirror silver coating process developed at Lawrence Livermore Laboratories and applied it in a deposition reactor for large mirrors



GrammaTech – Expanded capability of primary commercial software product to meet NASA's needs for validating new software



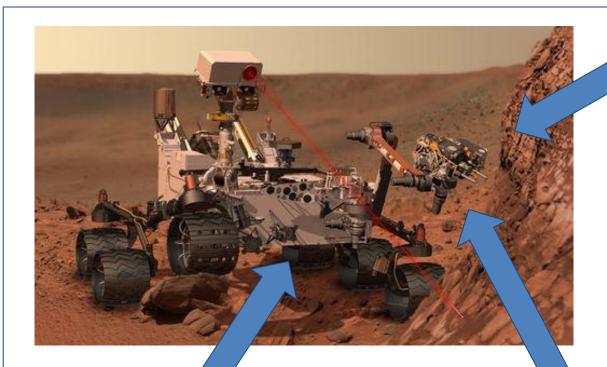








SBIR Technology Infusion Example



Software validation tool provided by GrammaTech

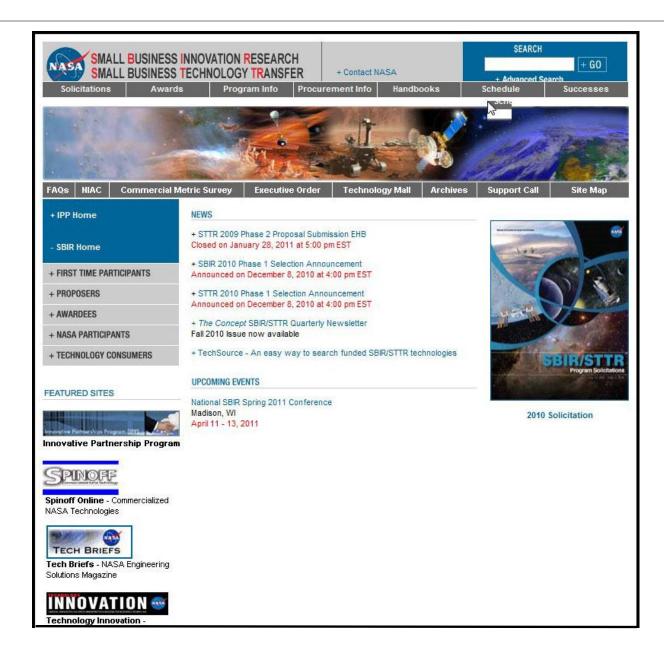
Lithium ion batteries supplied by Yardney Technical Products, Inc. Planetary gearboxes for robotic arm supplied by Starsys Research (purchased by Sierra Nevada Corp.)



How Should I Proceed?



http://sbir.gsfc.nasa.gov





Inherent Challenges of Space Systems

- Surviving Launch Conditions: high g-load, vibration, payload fairing, deployment
- Functioning in Extreme Environments: radiation, temperature, gravity, vacuum
- Limiting Power Availability
- High Degree of Autonomy and Reliability
- Long Range Communication and Navigation



Path to a Winning Proposal

Review prior year solicitation: http://sbir.nasa.gov/



- Search and identify specific technical areas (subtopics) and lead center(s) of your interest
- Request subject matter expert contact information from respective field center program POCs
- ♦ E-mail/Call technical POCs and initiate dialogues
- Learn technology needs, priorities, and funding gaps



 Visit and brief NASA on your companies capabilities, if the opportunity presents itself



SBIR/STTR Center Points of Contact - 1

- Ames Research Center (ARC)
- Luis Mederos, 650-604-5268, Luis.Mederos@nasa.gov (HEOMD)
- ♦ Kim Hines, 650-604-5582, Kimberly.K.Hines@nasa.gov
- Dryden Flight Research Center (DFRC)
- Yohan Lin, 661-276-3155, Yohan.Lin@nasa.gov
- Glenn Research Center (GRC)
- ♦ Gynelle Steele, 216-433-8258, Gynelle. C. Steele @nasa.gov (ARMD)
- Dean Bitler, 216-433-2226, Dean.W.Bitler@nasa.gov
- Hung Nguyen, 216-433-6590, Hung.D.Nguyen@nasa.gov
- Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC)
- Thomas Bagg, 301-286-1024, Thomas.C.Bagg@nasa.gov
- Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL)
- Carol Lewis, 818-354-3767, Carol.R.Lewis@jpl.nasa.gov
- Richard Terrile, 818-354-6158, Richard.J.Terrile@jpl.nasa.gov (SMD)
- Byron Jackson, 818-354-1246, Byron.L.Jackson@jpl.nasa.gov
- Johnson Space Center (JSC)
- ♦ Kathy Packard, 281-244-5378, Kathryn.B.Packard@nasa.gov

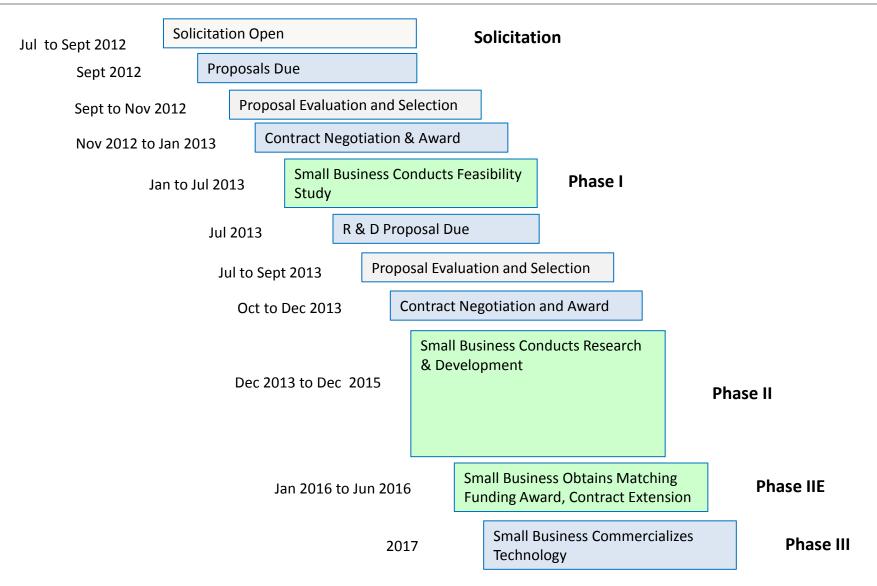


SBIR/STTR Center Points of Contact - 2

- Kennedy Space Center (KSC)
- Hetal Miranda, 321-867-9259, Hetal.Miranda@nasa.gov
- Langley Research Center (LaRC)
- Bob Yang, 757-864-8020, Robert.L.Yang@nasa.gov (ESMD)
- Kimberly Graupner, 757-864-8618, Kimberly.E.Graupner@nasa.gov
- Marshall Space Flight Center (MSFC)
- ♦ Lynn Garrison, 256-544-6719, Virginia.B.Garrison@nasa.gov
- Stennis Space Center (SSC)
- ♦ Joseph Grant, 228-688-2103, Joseph.Grant-1@nasa.gov



NASA SBIR 2012 Process Scenario





Proposal Submission



SBIR – Eligibility Checkpoints

- Organized for-profit U.S. small business (500 or fewer employees)
- At least 51% U.S. owned and independently operated
- Small business located in the U.S.
- P.I.'s primary employment must be with small business during the project
- For Phase I, no more than 1/3 of funding less profit can be subcontracted, 1/2 for Phase II



STTR – Eligibility Checkpoints

- Small business must perform a minimum of 40% of the work; research institution a minimum of 30%
- Research institution is a FFRDC, college or university, or non-profit research institution
- No size limit on research institution
- Small business must manage and control the STTR funding agreement
- Principal Investigator may be at the small business or research institution



Submission Process

- All proposals are submitted electronically via the internet
- Make sure all parts of your proposal are received on time – late proposals are rejected
- Proposals are screened for administrative completeness and turned over to the managing NASA Center for technical review





Some Important Facts to Remember

- All required items of information must be contained in your proposal – <u>carefully follow directions</u>
- Eligibility is determined at <u>time of award</u>
- The PI is <u>not</u> required to have a Ph.D.
- The PI is required to have expertise to oversee project scientifically and technically
- Applications <u>may be</u> submitted to <u>different agencies</u> for similar work
- Awards may <u>not</u> be accepted from different agencies <u>for</u> <u>duplicative projects</u>
- <u>Do not</u> plan on using Government facilities <u>unless</u> they are not available in the private sector



Proposal Review & Selection Criteria

Proposal Review

- Factor 1: scientific/technical merit and feasibility (50%)
- Factor 2: experience, qualifications and facilities (25%)
- Factor 3: effectiveness of the proposed work plan (25%)
- Factor 4: commercial merit and feasibility (adjectival)

Proposal Ranking and Selection

- NASA Project/Mission Alignment
- Value, Priority and Infusion Potentials
- Champion/Advocate



Nature of NASA SBIR & STTR Contracts

- SBIR contracts are fixed price contracts to be completed on a best effort basis
- Company will own resulting intellectual property (data, copyrights, patents, etc.)
- Government has royalty-free rights for government use of intellectual property

 Government protects data from public dissemination for four years after contract ends



http://sbir.jpl.nasa.gov

